<u>Systematic Pathology II (Neuropathology) Module</u> <u>2010/11 Batch– Year 3 Semester II</u>

Web Copy

Final Document revised on 21st May, 2014

| Topic/ Concept | Objectives | Time | Dept. | T/L Activity |
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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/01 | At the end of the module, student should be able to, | | | |
| Pathological processes and the effects of such processes on the central and peripheral nervous system (anatomical and functional) | recall the principles of general pathological processes discussed in FM3 in relation to the nervous system | | Pathology | Recall |
| Cerebrovascular diseases a. ischaemia and infarction b. haemorrhage | describe the pathogenesis of cerebral ischaemia, infarction and haemorrhage and its effects | 1h + 1h | Pathology | Lecture/ Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/02 | | | | |
| CNS Infections and CSF Analysis | describe the etiopathogenesis, morphological changes and clinical effects of common infections of the central nervous system describe the changes in CSF in CNS infections and their pathological basis | 1h+ 2h | Pathology | Lecture/ Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/03 | | | | |
| Increased intra-cranial pressure a. cerebral oedema b. Space occupying lesions | Describe the causes of increased intra-cranial pressure describe the pathogenesis of cerebral oedema and its effects describe the morphological changes in the brain and the brain stem in increased intra-cranial pressure and their clinical effects | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/04 | | | | |
| Intra-cranial tumours | describe the pathology and clinical effects of neoplasms of the brain , spinal cord and peripheral nerves | 1h + 1h | Pathology | Lecture/ Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/05 | | | | •10.55 |
| Effects of common poisons on CNS | 1. Describe the neurological manifestations of common poisons and their pathological basis | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/06 | | | | |
| Pathology of Dementia | | | | |
| | describe the basic pathological processes involved in demyelination and degenerative diseases of the brain and nerves | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |

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<u>Systematic Pathology II (Gastro Intestinal Pathology) Module</u> 2010/11 Batch– Year 3 Semester II

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| Topic/ Concept | Objectives | Time | Dept. | T/L Activity |
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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/07 | | | | |
| Alimentation in health | recall digestion, absorption and metabolism relating to, carbohydrates, proteins, fat, vitamins, minerals & trace elements recall normal structure and functions of the liver, gut, pancreas and biliary tract recall the neural and hormonal control of the alimentation | | | recall |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/08 | | | | |
| The role of nutrients, the requirements & sources a. the concept of a healthy wholesome diet | recall | | | recall |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/09 | | | | |
| Normal bowel flora | recall | | | recall |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/10 | | | | |
| Diarrhoea a. Mechanisms b. Effects | recall | | | |
| c. Therapies | 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/8 | | | |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/11 | | | | |
| Vomiting | | | | |
| a. Mechanisms b. Effects | recall | | | Self learning |
| c. Therapies | 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/8 | | | |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/12 | | | | |
| Introduction to GI pathology | 1. apply principles of general pathology to the diseases of the gastrointestinal system (acute and chronic inflammation, metaplasia, dysplasia, neoplasia) | | Pathology | recall |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/13 | | | | |
| Infective disease in relation to alimentation | describe the pathogenesis, morphological changes and complications of infections in the oesophagus, stomach, duodenum, small intestine, colon and anus. List the opportunistic infections in the gastrointestinal system in immunocompramised hosts. | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |

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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/14 | | 01 | | T . |
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| Oesophagus a. Gastro-oesphageal reflux disease b. Other non neoplastic oesophageal diseases c. Tumours | describe the oeatiopathogenesis, clinical manifestations and complications of grastro-oesophageal reflux disease describe the oeatiopathogenesis, clinical manifestations and complications of other common non neoplastic diseases such as achasia of the cardia, oesophagitis describe the morphology and clinical manifestations of oesophageal tumours | 2h + 1h | Pathology | Lecture (2h) + Museum Class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/15 | | | | |
| Stomach a. Gastritis and gastric ulcers b. Other non neoplastic gastri- diseases c. Tumours | discuss the causes, morphology and complications of acute gastritis discuss the causes, morphology and complications of chronic gastritis describe the aetiopathogenesis, morphology, clinical manifestations and complications of peptic ulcer disease list the causes of gastropathies and their clinical manifestations describe the morphology and clinical manifestations of gastric tumours | 2h+ 1h | Pathology | Lecture (2h) + Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/16 | | | | |
| Diseases of small intestine and appendix a. Malabsorption | Malabsorption: 1. recall the physiology of digestion and absorption 2. discuss the outcomes in failure in each step in digestion and absorption. 3. list causes of malabsorption. 4. discuss the eatiolopathogenesis, morphology, clinical symptoms and complications of coeliac disease. | 3h + 2h | Pathology | Lecture (3h) + |
| b. Diseases of small intestine | outlines the eatiolopathogenesis, morphology, clinical symptoms and complications of Whipples disease and tropical sprue Other diseases of small intestine: outline the congenital diseases of small intestine outline the causes of duodenitis outline the causes of ulcers in the 1st part and the rest of the duodenum separately. describe the eatiopathogenisis, complications and clinical manifestations of obstructive diseases of the small intestine | | | Museum Class |
| c. Diseases of appendix | (eg: Stragulation, Volvulus, Intussusception) 5. describe the morphology and clinical effects of small intestinal tumours Appendix: discuss the aetiopathogenesis, morphology, complications and clinical outcomes of acute appendicitis. list the other causes of inflammation of appendix describe the morphology and clinical effects of appendiceal tumours | | | |

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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/17 | | | | |
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| Inflammatory bowel disease | recall chronic inflammation. describe the pathogenesis, morphological changes, clinical outcomes and complications of ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. compare and contrast the features of ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease List extra intestinal manifestations of the above. | 2h + 1h | Pathology | Lecture (2h) + Museum Class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/18 | | | | |
| Anal and peri anal disease | recall acute and chronic inflammation and carcinogenesis. describe the aetiopathogenesis, morphological appearances and complications of -fissures, fistulae, ulcers, haemorrhoids, and tumours. | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/19 | | | | |
| Neoplasms of the colon | list the common neoplasms (benign and malignant) in colon. discuss the aetiopathogenesis (emphasising the premalignant lesions), morphology, modes of spread and clinical outcomes of colonic tumours. outlines the polyposis syndromes in the gastrointestinal tract | 1h + 1h | Pathology | Lecture (1h) + Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/20 | | | | |
| Introduction to liver Pathology | 1. apply the principles of general pathology to the liver diseases | | Pathology | recall |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/21 | | | | |
| a. Hepatitis b. Cirrhosis | list the aetiological agents for a) acute hepatitis b) chronic hepatitis describe the pathonesis, morphological changes, clinical manifestations and complications of acute hepatitis. describe the pathonesis, morphological changes, clinical manifestations and complications of chronic hepatitis. outline the investigations performed in suspected acute hepatitis and chronic hepatitis. describe the aetiopathogenesis, morphological changes, clinical manifestations and complications of non alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) outline the diseases that can give rise to cirrhosis describe the altinical manifestations of cirrhosis and their pathological basis describe the clinical manifestations of decompensated cirrhosis outline the investigations performed in cirrhosis with expected results. | 2h + 1h | Pathology | Lecture (2h) + Museum class |

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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/22 | | | | |
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| a. Alcoholic liver disease I. Hepatic Steatosis (fatty liver) II. Alcoholic steatohepatitis III. Cirrhosis b. Inborn errors of metabolism | name the different forms of alcoholic liver disease describe the pathogenesis, morphological changes and clinical manifestations of hepatic steatosis and alcoholic steatohepatitis describe the complications of alcoholic liver disease and their clinical manifestations. list the common liver diseases caused by inborn errors of metabolism outline the pathogenesis, morphological changes, clinical manifestations, complications and investigations for each disease mentioned. | 1h +1h | Pathology | Lecture (1h) + Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/23 | | | | |
| Liver tumours | name the common benign and malignant tumours that occur in the liver outline the morphology of each describe the aetiology of hepatocellular carcinoma outline the modes of spread, clinical manifestations and complications of malignant liver tumours. outline the investigations performed in suspected liver tumors | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/24 | | | | |
| Clinico-pathological correlation of liver diseases a. Jaundice b. Other clinical manifestations | list the types of jaundice caused by liver diseases giving examples. describe the actiopathogenesis of obstructive jaundice describe the clinical manifestations and their pathological basis in obstructive jaundice. outline the investigations performed in jaundice list the extra hepatic causes of jaundice describe the Pathological basis of other clinical manifestations of liver diseases. | 1h | Pathology | Lecture |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/25 Interpretation of investigations in liver diseases | outline, with interpretations, serum markers of acute and chronic hepatitides. outline the principles and interpretation of investigations of common liver diseases such as acute and chronic hepatitides, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, ascites,NAFLD, alcoholic liver disease and tumours. | 1h | Medicine | Lecture |

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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/26 | | | | |
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| Diseases of the gall bladder and biliary system | describe the aetiopathogenesis, morphological changes, complications and clinical out comes acute and chronic cholecystitis. describe the aetiopathogenesis, complications and clinical manifestations of biliary stone disease. outline the tumours of the the biliary system and discuss their modes of spread | 1h | Pathology | Lecture + Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/27 | | | | |
| Pancreatic diseases a. Pancreatitis b. Pancreatic tumours | describe the aetiopathogenesis, morphology, complications and clinical out comes of acute and chronic pancreatitis. outline the biochemical investigations in acute and chronic pancreatitis outline the tumours of pancrease emphasising the modes of spread and clinical outcomes. | | Pathology | Lecture + Museum class |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/28 | | | | |
| Imaging of GI diseases | radiological, pathological correlation of gastrointestinal diseases discussed in this module radiological pathological correlation of hepatobiliary and pancreatic diseases | 1h | Radiology | Lecture |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/29 | | | | |
| Round up sessions a. Hepatomegaly | discuss the causes, clinical manifestations and diagnostic approach in hepatomegaly. | 3h | Pathology | Lecture discussions |
| b. Bleeding per rectum | discuss the causes and diagnostic approach in bleeding per rectum. | | | |
| c. GIT ulcers | discuss the causes, clinical manifestations, complications and investigations in ulcers of the oesophagus, stomach, duodenum, small intestine, colon, rectum and anus. | | | |

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<u>Systematic Pathology II (Genito Urinary Pathology)</u> <u>2010/11 Batch - Year 3 Semester II</u>

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| Concepts | Objectives | Time | T/L Activity | Dept. |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|-----------|
| 2010-3/PATH- SBM-4/30 | | | | |
| Kidneys and the urinary tract | recall | | | |
| a. Auto regulation of renal blood flow | | | | |
| b. The basic functional unit of the kidney (nephron)structural and functional aspects | | | recall | |
| c. Role of the kidney in regulation of ECF volume& tonicity | | | locuit | |
| d. Role of the kidney in the maintenance of blood pH | | | | |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/31 | | | | |
| Mechanisms of dysfunction of the kidneys and the urinary tract | | | | |
| a. Renal excretory function | recall | | | |
| (i). with reduced nephron mass - GFR, Tubular functions, Constituents of urine | | | | |
| (ii). in disturbed functions of other systems (Circulation, respiration ect.) | | | recall | |
| (iii). in disturbed renal blood flow and autoregulation of blood flow | | | | |
| (iv). in anomalous urine flow & obstruction to the urine flow | | | | |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/32 | | | | |
| Introduction to GU pathology | 1. apply principles of general pathology to the Genito Urinary tract. (acute and chronic inflammation, necrosis, metaplasia, dysplasia, neoplasia) | | recall | Pathology |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/33 | | | | |
| Pathology of kidney and urinary tract | | | | |
| a. Infections | describe the pathology and pathogenesis of infections in the urinary tract to include a)Acute and chronic pyelonephritis b) Urinary Tuberculosis | 1h | Lecture | Pathology |

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| b. Glomerularnephritis, Glomerular lesions, fibrosis | 2. describe the pathology (macro & micro) & pathogenesis of glomerular nephritis with special reference to immune complex mediated disease 3. describe the glomerular pathology associated with systemic vasculitides and other systemic diseases. SLE and Goodpasture's syndrome etc 4. describe the pathology and pathogenesis of diabetic nephropathy renal amyloidosis describe the features of the nephritic syndrome and nephrotic syndrome and correlate with the above topics | | | | Lecture + Tutorial | Pathology |
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| c. Tubular and interstitial | 5. describe the pathology and pathogenesis of tubulo interstitial disease including tubular necrosis, cortical necrosis, papillary necrosis and interstitial nephritis | 13h | | | | |
| d. Urolithiasis | 6. Urolithiasis, complications and clinical features | | Lecture | | | |
| e. Tumours of the kidney and bladder | 7. tumours of the kidney and bladder. Be able to describe the macroscopy, microscopy, and clincal features of the common tumours, including spread and metstasisBe able to discuss carcinogenic agents associated with these tumours. | | + Tutorial + Museum Class | Pathology | | |
| f. Acute and chronic renal failure RPGN Other common conditions Investigations | | 3h | Lecture | Medicine | | |
| g. Imaging of the diseases of the urinary tract | list the different imaging modalities used in different disease conditions discussed in this module. to know the radiological features of the pathological conditions discussed above. | - 1h | Lecture | Radiology | | |
| Skills | | | | | | |
| Collection of urine samples for urinalysis & microbiology | During clinical appointment | | | | | |
| Identification of abnormal constituents of urine | During clinical appointment | | | | | |
| Examination of the abdomen and external genitalia | During clinical appointment | | | | | |
| Giving instructions to the patients on how to collect a 24 hour urine sample | During clinical appointment | | | | | |
| Interpretation of X-rays (Normal/Abnormal) | During clinical appointment | | | | | |
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| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/34 | | | | |
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| Female genital tract | | | | |
| a. Vulva & vagina b. Uterus c. Fallopian tubes d. Ovaries | skin lesions, Bartholian cyst and abscess,vulval dystrophy, vaginitis pathology and clinical features | 1h | Lecture | Pathology |
| | 2. Hyperplasia, fibroids, adenomyosis, cervicitis, endometrial carcinoma, cervical carcinoma, tumours assoicated with gestation. Pathology and clinical features | 2h | Lecture | Pathology |
| | Endometriosis, Pelvic Infalmmatory Diseasse, tubal pregnancy and tubal carcinoma. Pathology and clinical features | 2h | Lecture + Tutorial | Pathology |
| | Oophoritis, Tuboovarian masses, polycystic ovarian disease, tumours, and tumour markers Touch on imaging and US Scan. Pathology and clinical features | 3h | Lecture | Pathology |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/35 | | | | |
| Common pathological lesions in male genital tract (Urethritis, epididymoorchitis, Hydrocoel, Torsion) | 1. describe the etio pathogenesis morphology and complications of these conditions | 2h | Lecture | Pathology |
| a. Pathology of penisb. Pathology of prostate | 2. Xerotica Balanitis Obliterans,Condylomata acuminata, carcinoma | 1h | Lecture | Pathology |
| c. Testis/epididymis | 3. Benign hyperplasia, prostatitis, abscess and carcinoma and prostatic tumour markers. | 1h | Lecture + Tutorial | Pathology |
| | 4. Infections, tumours. Be able to describe the pathology of a scrotal lump. | 1h | Lecture | Pathology |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/36 | | | | |
| Psychological disorders in sexuality and reproduction | 1. discuss common myths regarding sexuality | 1h | Lecture | Psychiatry |
| 2010-3/PATH-SBM-4/37 | | | | |
| Breast | | | | |
| a. Common non malignant diseases | 1. Abscess, Mastitis, Duct ectasia, Hyperpalstic disease | 1h | Lecture | Pathology |
| b. Neoplasms | 2. Duct papilloma, nipple adenoma, fibroadenoma, phylloides tumour, ductal and lobular carcinoma- Grading system DCIS-Low grade Ductal Intraepithelial Lesions. FNA Biopsy, Hook wire guided biopsy, Familial carcinoma etc | 1h | SGD | Pathology |

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| Medico-legal aspects – Rape, Infanticide, Abortion | | | Forensic Medicine(DIS) |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Clinical Skills | | | |
| PV Examination | During clinical appointment | | |
| Speculum Examination | During clinical appointment | | |
| Examination of breasts | During clinical appointment | | |
| Maintain a partogram | During clinical appointment | | |
| Starting and maintaining an oxytocin infusion | During clinical appointment | | |

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